Dominion Blvd. Reconstruction

ASHE Greater Hampton Roads Chapter Site Visit

September 27, 2016

Kevin Lundgren, PE, Project Manager City of Chesapeake Mike Prezioso, PE, CCM Project Manager MBP, Inc. Victor Ryzhikov, PE, SE Segmental Bridge Specialist WSP Parsons Brinkerhoff





Dominion Boulevard Reconstruction

- **Owner**: City of Chesapeake, Virginia (Locally Administered Project largest in the state)
- **Design**: Parsons Brinckerhoff
- **Construction Engineering/Inspection**: MBP
- **Contractors**: Dominion Blvd Constructors
 - McLean Contracting
 - Bryant Contracting
 - R. R. Dawson Bridge
 - E. V. Williams





Project Timeline

- Start Design (Parsons Brinckerhoff): 2004
- Design Public Hearing: Aug 2008
- FoNSI: Mar 2009
- Advertisement: Jul 2012
- Contractor NTP: Jan 2013
- Fixed Completion Date: Apr 2017*

*Incentive for Early Completion





Dominion Boulevard Reconstruction

Project Overview

- April 1, 2017: Contract Completion
- 4-lane limited access highway (3.8 miles)
- 3 interchanges
- 9 bridges





Cost Estimates by Major Element

Dominion Boulevard - Projected Project Costs			
	<u>Estimate</u>	Contingency	Total
Engineering	16,088,768	-	16,088,768
Right-of-Way	58,476,858	20,000,000	78,476,858
Utility Relocations	8,688,269	1,000,000	9,688,269
Wetland Mitigation	358,873	-	358,873
Construction	187,711,447	22,568,438	210,279,885
Inspection/Administration	23,378,052	1,908,006	25,286,058
Incentive Clause ¹	_	5,000,000	5,000,000
Total	\$294,702,267	\$50,476,444	\$345,178,711

• The winning construction bid came in \$70 million lower than Engineer's estimate, thus total costs went down from \$416 million to \$346 million.

1. Maximum incentive based on \$26,279/day for early completion





New Wetlands Mitigation Basin







Source of Funds

RSTP	\$ 86,040,980
Bonds	\$ 107,244,236
VTIB Loan*	<u>\$ 151,893,495</u>
TOTAL	\$ 345,178,711

*First VTIB loan in the state

All project savings revert to VTIB for future projects





Right-of-Way Acquisition

- 46 Total Takes
 - 17 Residential Relocations
 - 8 Non-Residential Relocations
 - Parcel acquired for on-site tidal wetlands mitigation
- 132 Partial Takes

2 outstanding condemnation cases





Risk Management

- Risk Management Workshop
- Establish Risk Management Register
 - Soil conditions
 - Environmental Impacts
 - Differing Site Conditions
 - Safety
 - MOT, Materials, Access, Etc.
- Regular review of risks (biweekly / monthly)

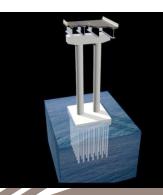


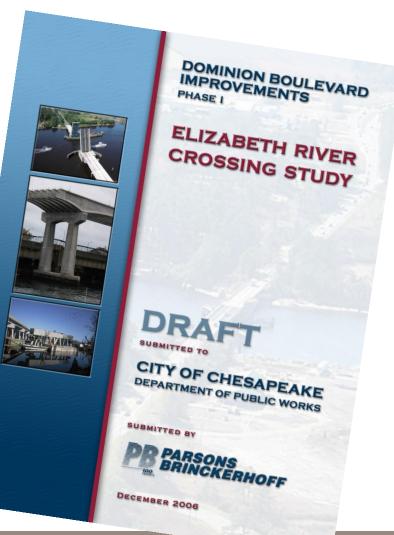


Bridge Concept Study











MBP



Preliminary Recommendation

Elizabeth River Crossing

- Multi-span continuous structure
- Five superstructure types considered:
 - Concrete Spliced Girders (bulb-tees)
 - Steel Plate Girders (50 ksi)
 - Steel Plate Girders (70 ksi)
 - Steel Plate Girders w/Variable Depth Web (50 ksi)
 - Segmental Box Girders
- Approaches similar for each alternative





Structure Types

- Channel Crossing:
 - Fixed longer spans; steel plate girder \$250/sf
 - Moveable shorter span; non-standard built-up steel framing;
 electrical & mechanical equipment; special foundation \$1,850/sf
- Approaches:
 - Low Level "trestle" type; short spans \$70/sf
 - Mid Level pier columns; 105-115' spans \$115/sf
 - High Level pier columns; up to 140' spans \$250/sf





Structure Type – cont'd

- Concrete spliced girder and box girder were considered
- Steel constant depth and variable depth girder options
- Abutment, pier, and foundation types similar for each
- Preliminary size & quantities for each alternative
- Unit costs researched from historical bid data
- Costs adjusted for project specific conditions
- Cost applied for each alternative





Summary of Findings

- Concrete Spliced Girders (bulb-tees) \$98.7 m
- Steel Plate Girders (50 ksi) \$108.5 m
- Steel Plate Girders (70 ksi) \$106.5 m
- Steel Plate Girders w/Variable Depth Web (50 ksi) -\$106 m
- Segmental Box Girders \$118.3 m





Recommendation

- Spliced Concrete Bulb-Tee chosen for the channel crossing unit
 - Cheaper than steel
 - Lower life-cycle cost
- Standard PCBT beams made continuous using standard continuity diaphragms will be used for all approach superstructures
- Due to bridge width and height several pier types will be used:
 - Trestle bents
 - Multi-column piers on pre-stressed concrete piles
 - Hammerhead piers on pre-stressed concrete piles





S. Branch Elizabeth River Crossing

- Bridge Length: 6000' (SB), 5200' (NB)
- Bridge Height: Over 110' (95' vertical clearance)
- Channel Crossing Unit: 222'-285'-222'
 - Spliced Girder Construction
- 91 Piers (50 SB & 41 NB)
- Over 50,000 CY CIP Concrete
- Over 90,000 LF Concrete Pile
- Over 8 Million Ibs Reinforcing Steel

 Chesapeake

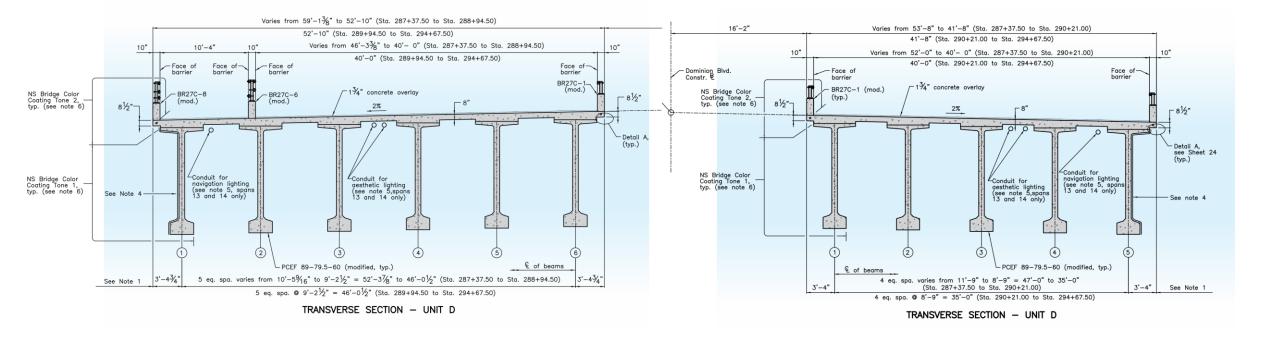








S. Branch Elizabeth River Crossing

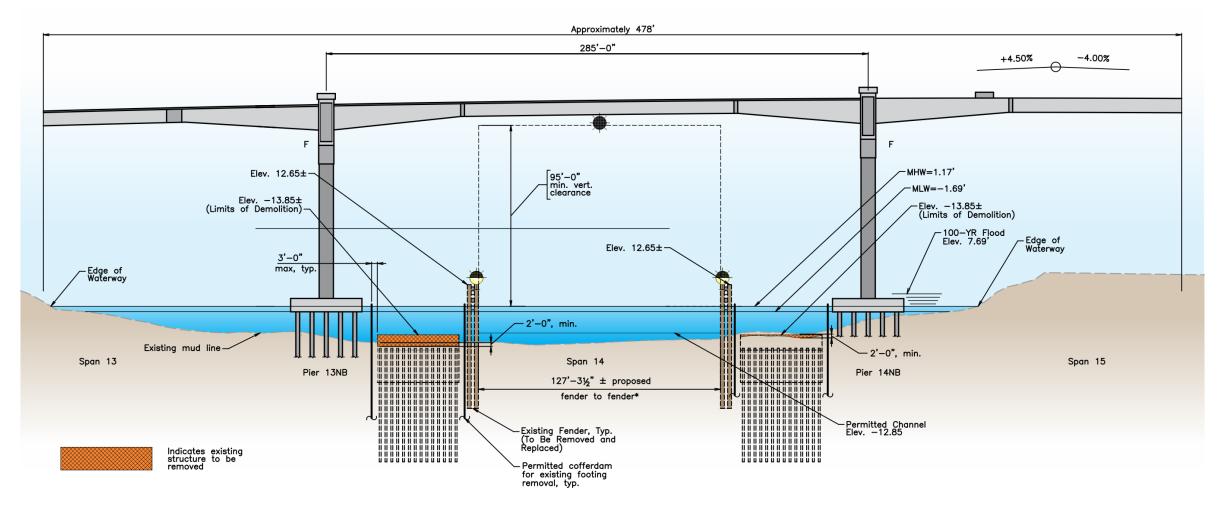






S. Branch Elizabeth River Channel Crossing Unit

SOUTHERN BRANCH ELIZABETH RIVER







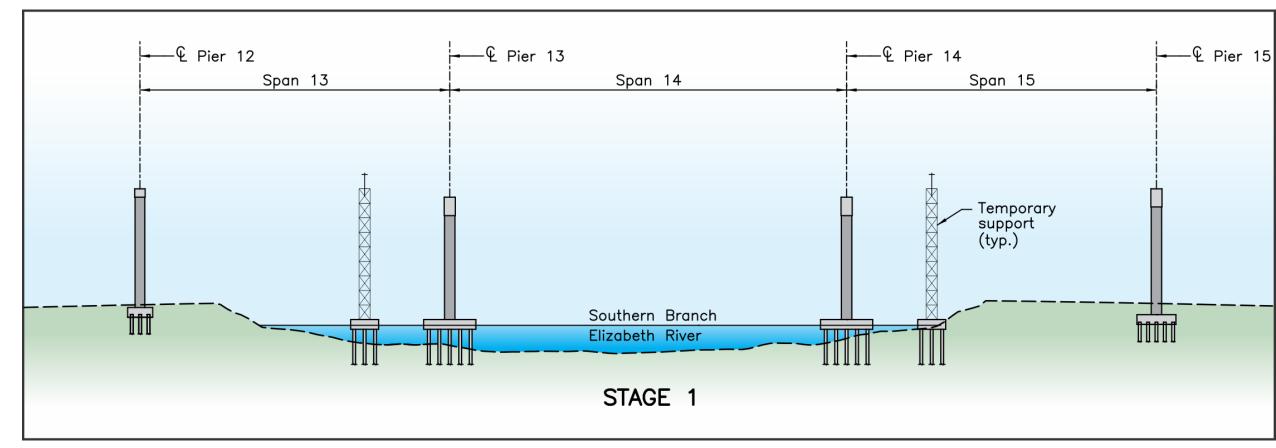
Elizabeth River Piers







Spliced Girder Sequence



Stage 1: Construct Piers and Temporary Supports





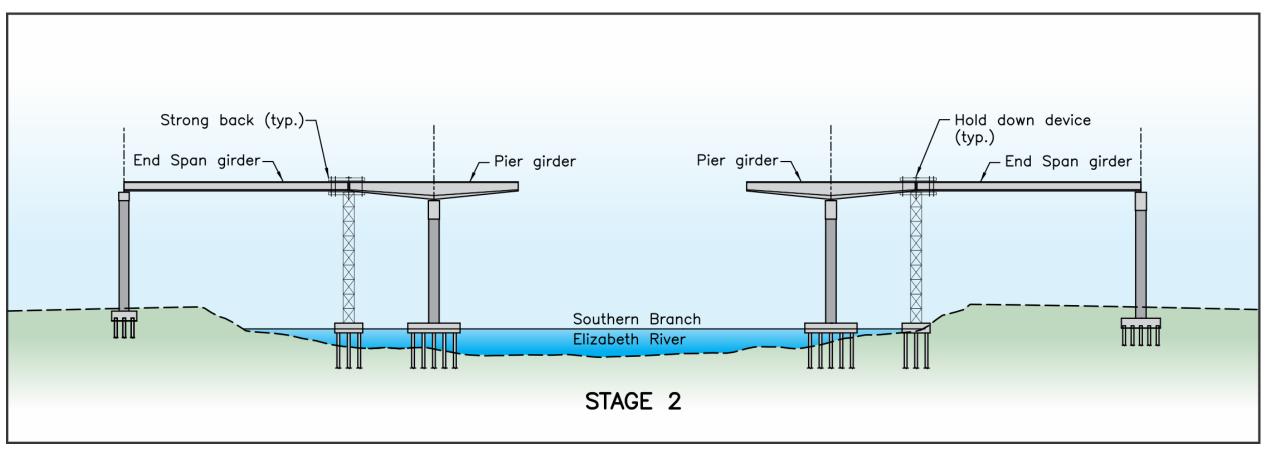
Erect Span 15NB End Girders







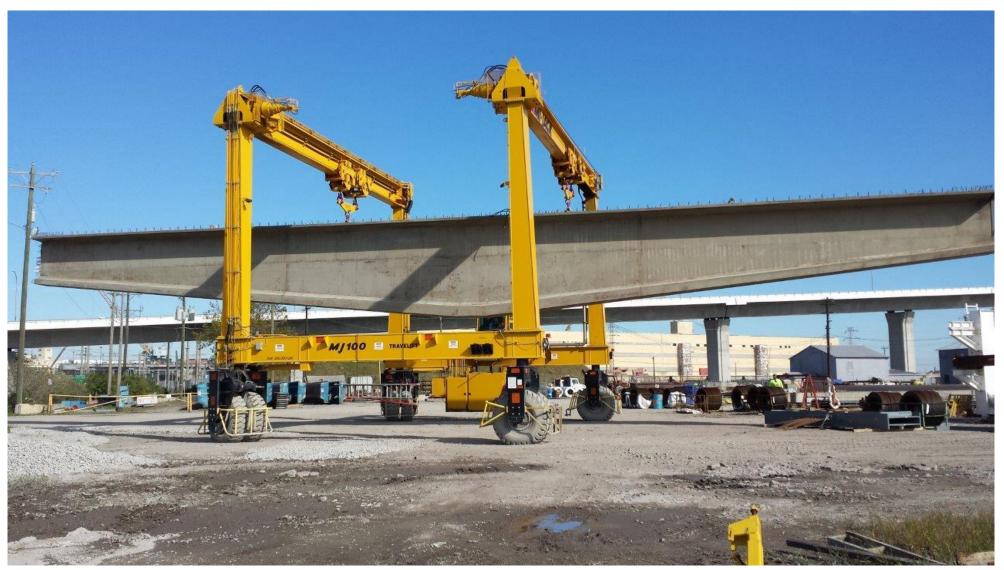
Spliced Girder Sequence



Stage 2: Erect Pier Segments & End Span Girders











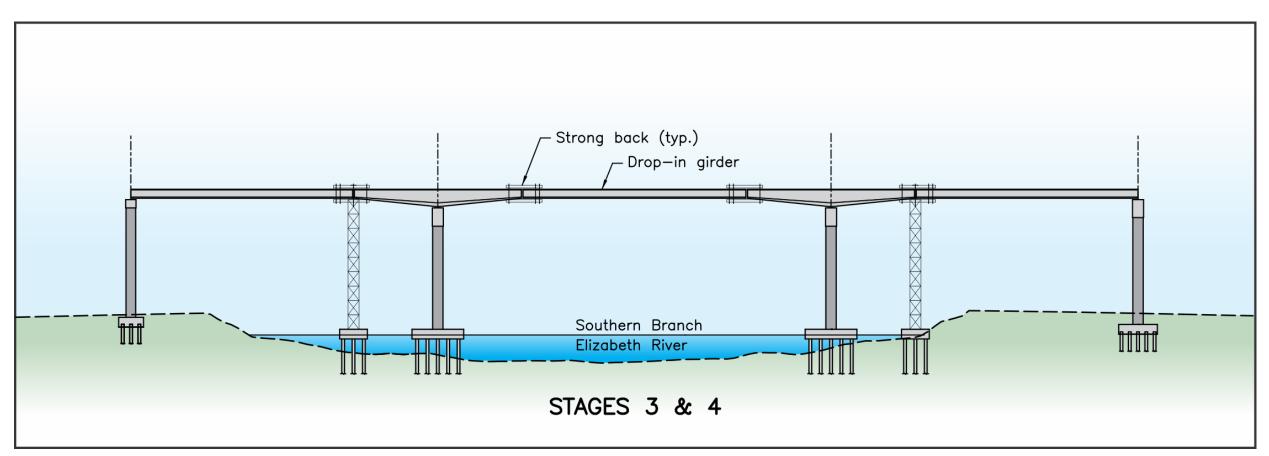
Erect Pier 13NB Pier Girder – Balanced Condition







Spliced Girder Sequence

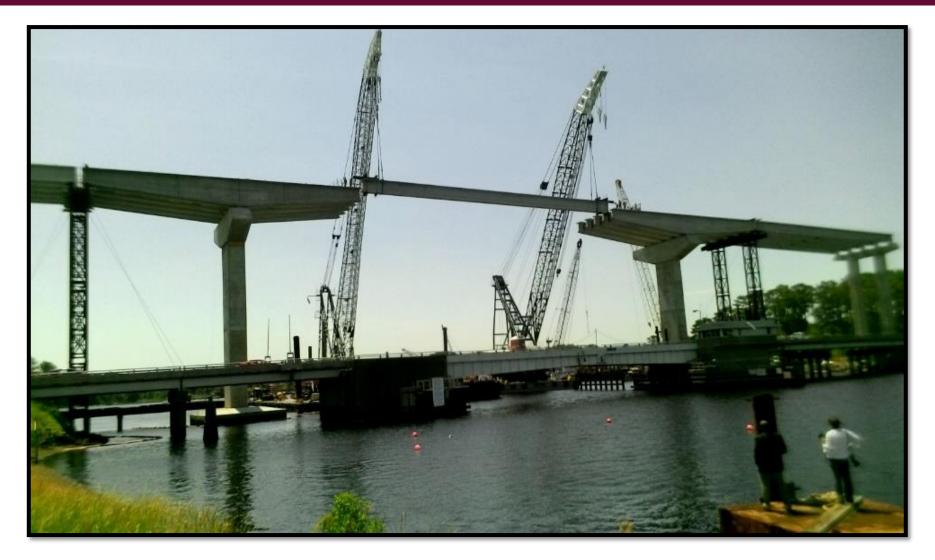


Stage 3: Install Drop-In Segment using Strong Backs, Cast Closures Stage 4: Stage 1 Post-Tensioning





Elizabeth River Crossing – Construction Sequence







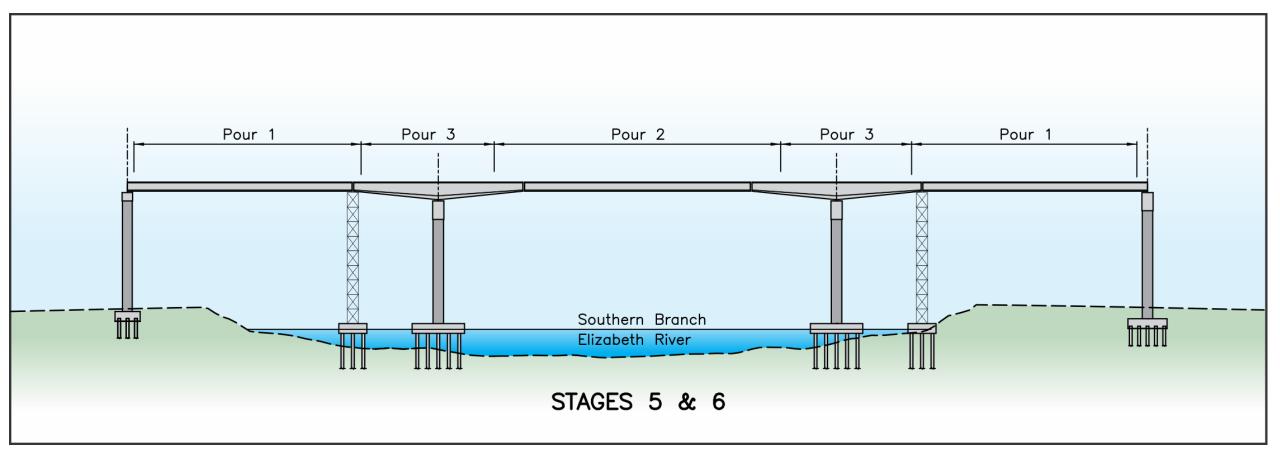
Drop In Beams







Spliced Girder Sequence



Stage 5: Remove Strongbacks, Cast Deck Stage 6: Stage 2 Post-Tensioning





Elizabeth River Crossing







NB Bridge over the Elizabeth River

(Post Tensioning)

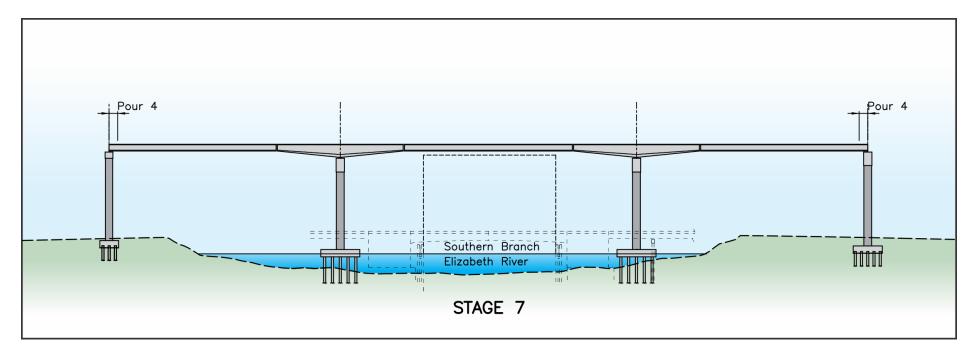








Spliced Girder Sequence



Stage 7: End Diaphragms, Barriers and Overlay





Demo. of Old Steel Bridge







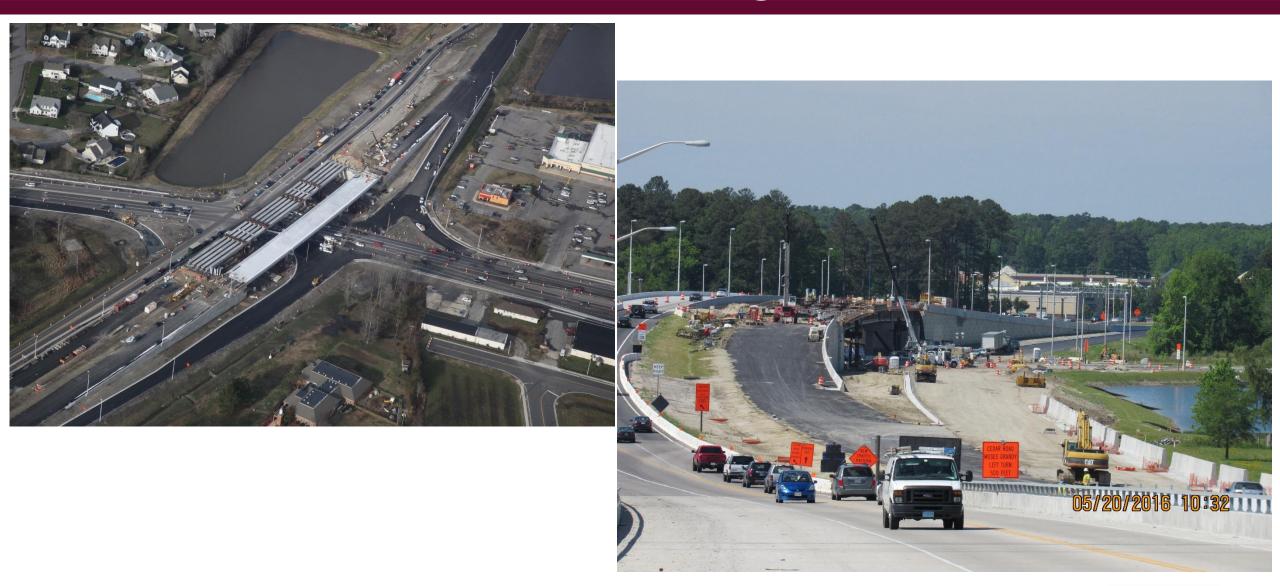
Dominion Boulevard Reconstruction







Cedar Road Interchange - SPUI







Dominion Boulevard Reconstruction







Dominion Lakes Interchange







Dominion Boulevard Reconstruction







Great Bridge Boulevard Interchange (north end)







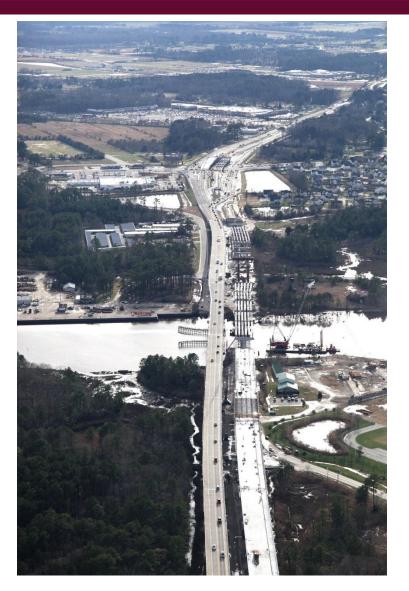
Dominion Boulevard Reconstruction

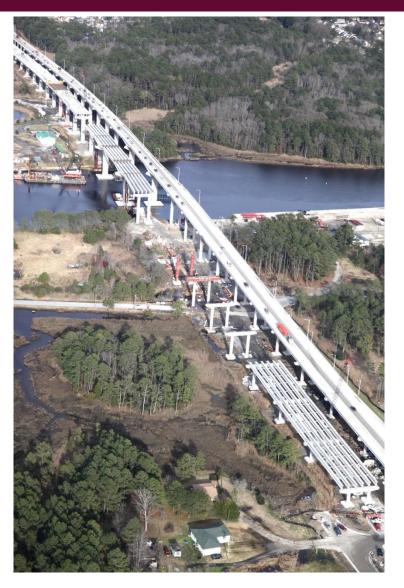






Elizabeth River Crossing









Elizabeth River Crossing - Substructure







Elizabeth River Crossing - Substructure







Ground Improvements







Ground Improvements – Wick Drains







Wick Drains







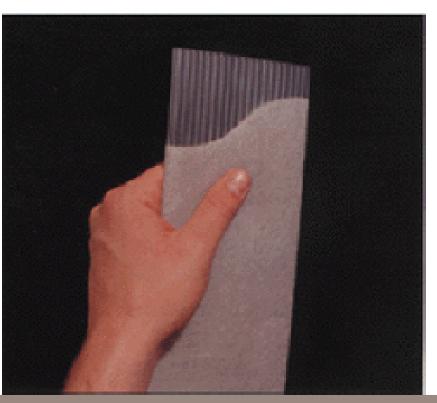






Wick Drains

- 5,813,829 Vertical Linear Feet (VLF)
- 30 to 60 feet deep







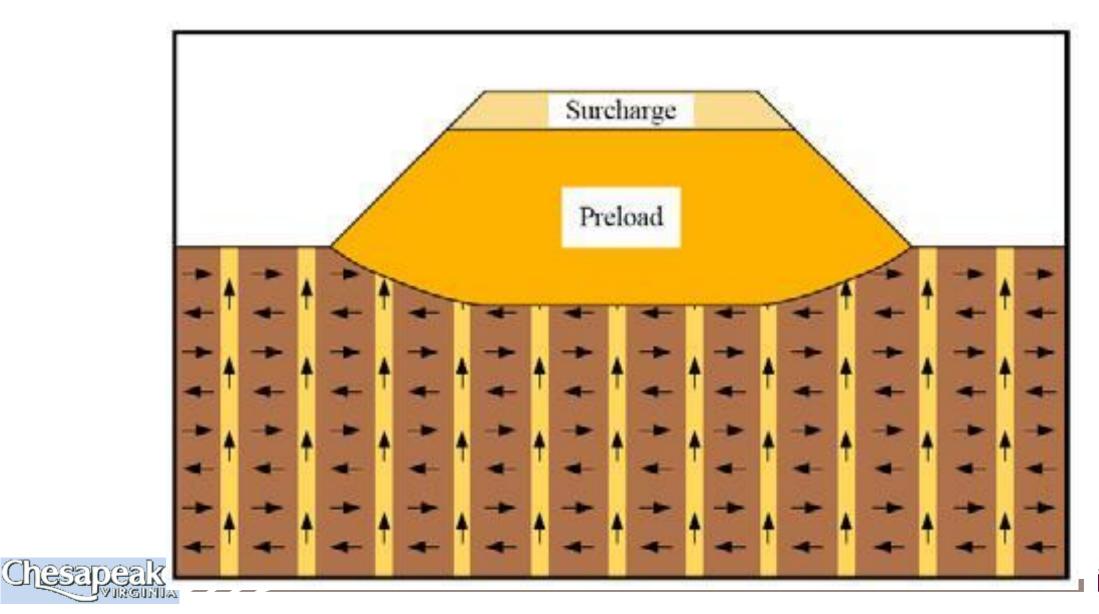
Wick Drains







Vertical Wick Drains





Mechanically Stabilized Earth (MSE) Walls







Open Road Tolling System



Toll Gantries and Hub Building







Dominion Blvd. - Overview

- New Roadway: 18 new lane miles (current 7.6 lane miles)

- Earthwork: 1.6 Million CY
 - 400,000 CY Excavation
 - 1.2 Million CY Embankment Fill
- Ground improvements:
 - Vertical Wick Drains: 4.5 Million LF
 - Embankment Surcharge: 23 Locations
 - Ground Improvement Piles: 600 each





- 2500+ piles (157,500 lf over 30 miles)
- 66,400 lf beams (over 13 miles)
- 245,000 sf MSE walls (4,160 cy)
- 26,000 sf sound barrier (1,200 cy)
- 1,000 lf box culvert (650 cy)
- 36,000 lf RCP
- 160 pipe end sections
- 90 end walls
- 380 drop inlets
- Over 75,000 cy of precast concrete!
- Cast-in-Place Concrete: 65,000 CY





Dominion Blvd. Animated Video

(See Project Website)

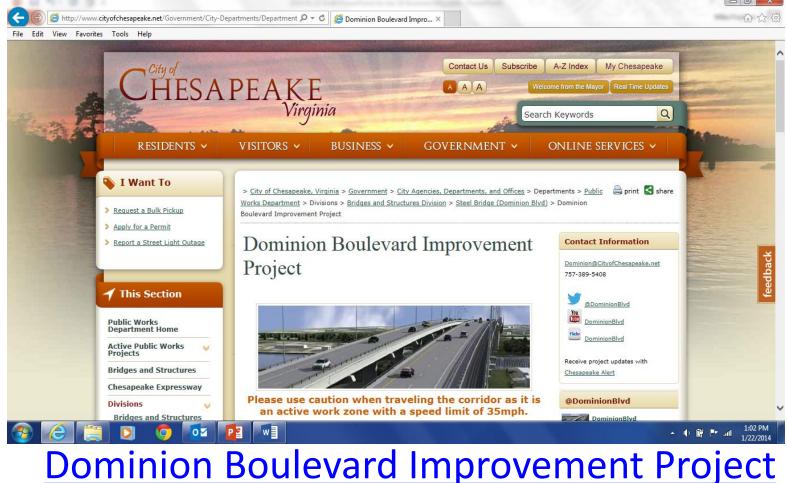






Dominion Blvd. – Public Relations

www.cityofchesapeake.net/Dominion



Chesapeake

